VELOX - COLLE A BOYAUX TUBASTI - R421

SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2020/878)

SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : VELOX - COLLE A BOYAUX TUBASTI

UFI : 8800-30JY-U001-50FQ

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Adhesive.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name : ETABLISSEMENTS VELOX

Address : 13, rue de la Peltière 35130 LA GUERCHE DE BRETAGNE France

Telephone : +33 (0)2 99 75 17 81. Fax: -. Telex: .

velox@velox.fr

http://www.velox.fr

1.4. Emergency telephone number : +33 (0)1 45 42 59 59.

Association/Organisation : INRS / ORFILA http://www.centres-antipoison.net.

Other emergency numbers

National Poisons Information Service of England: http://npis.org - NHS 111: dial 111 - National Poisons Information Centre of Ireland: 353 (1) 809 2166 - European Emergency Number Association (EENA): 112

SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Flammable liquid, Category 2 (Flam. Liq. 2, H225).

Skin irritation, Category 2 (Skin Irrit. 2, H315).

Eye irritation, Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2, H319).

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 (Skin Sens. 1, H317).

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3, H336).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard, Category 2 (Aquatic Chronic 2, H411).

2.2. Label elements

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms :



GHS02 GHS07 GHS09

Signal Word :

DANGER

Product identifiers :

EC 205-500-4	ETHYL ACETATE
EC 927-510-4	HYDROCARBONS, C7, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS
EC 200-662-2	ACETONE
EC 232-475-7	ROSIN, COLOPHONY

Hazard statements :

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements - General :

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.

Precautionary statements - Prevention :

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P261	Avoid breathing mist/vapours.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary statements - Response :

P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/if you feel unwell.
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Precautionary statements - Storage :

P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Precautionary statements - Disposal :

P501	Dispose of contents/container at a disposal facility in accordance with local regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 59 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006. The mixture does not contain substances> = 0.1% with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria of the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 of the Commission or Regulation (EU) 2018/605 of the Commission.

SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Composition :

Identification	Classification (EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4 REACH: 01-2119475103-46 ETHYL ACETATE	GHS07, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[i]	30 <= x% < 60
EC: 927-510-4 REACH: 01-2119475515-33 HYDROCARBONS, C7, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS	GHS07, GHS09, GHS08, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 M Chronic = 1		10 <= x% < 20

CAS: 67-64-1 EC: 200-662-2 REACH: 01-2119471330-49 ACETONE	GHS07, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[i]	10 <= x% < 20
CAS: 109-60-4 EC: 203-686-1 REACH: 01-2119537214-46 ISOPROPYL ACETATE	GHS07, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	C	5 <= x% < 10
CAS: 108-87-2 EC: 203-624-3 REACH: 01-2119556887-18 METHYLCYCLOHEXANE	GHS07, GHS09, GHS08, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		5 <= x% < 10
CAS: 8050-09-7 EC: 232-475-7 REACH: 01-2119480418-32 ROSIN, COLOPHONY	GHS07 Wng Skin Sens. 1, H317		1 <= x% < 5
CAS: 1314-13-2 EC: 215-222-5 REACH: 01-2119463881-32 ZINC OXIDE	GHS09 Wng Aquatic Acute 1, H400 M Acute = 1 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 M Chronic = 1		0.5 <= x% < 1
CAS: 50-00-0 EC: 200-001-8 REACH: 01-2119488953-20 FORMALDEHYDE	GHS06, GHS05, GHS08 Dgr Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Acute Tox. 2, H330 STOT SE 3, H335 Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 1B, H350 EUH071	B D F [i] [ii]	0 < x% < 0.01

Specific concentration limits:

Identification	Specific concentration limits	ATE
CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4 REACH: 01-2119475103-46 ETHYL ACETATE		oral: ATE = 4934 mg/kg BW
CAS: 67-64-1 EC: 200-662-2 REACH: 01-2119471330-49 ACETONE		inhalation: ATE = 76 mg/l 4h (vapours) oral: ATE = 5800 mg/kg BW
CAS: 8050-09-7 EC: 232-475-7 REACH: 01-2119480418-32 ROSIN, COLOPHONY		oral: ATE = 2800 mg/kg BW
CAS: 50-00-0 EC: 200-001-8 REACH: 01-2119488953-20 FORMALDEHYDE	Skin Corr. 1B: H314 C>= 25% Skin Irrit. 2: H315 5% <= C < 25% Eye Dam. 1: H318 C>= 25% Eye Irrit. 2: H319 5% <= C < 25% STOT SE 3: H335 C>= 5%	inhalation: ATE = 0.588 mg/l 4h (vapours) oral: ATE = 500 mg/kg BW

Information on ingredients :

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

[i] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

[ii] Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic (CMR) substance.

SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

4.1. description of first aid measures

In the event of exposure by inhalation :

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.

If the person is unconscious, place in recovery position. Notify a doctor in all events, to ascertain whether observation and supportive hospital care will be necessary.

If breathing is irregular or has stopped, effect mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and call a doctor.

In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.

In the event of splashes or contact with skin :

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

If the contaminated area is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

In the event of swallowing :

Do not give the patient anything orally.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

Information for the doctor :

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use :

- foam
- carbon dioxide (CO_2)
- powder

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use :

- water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

-carbon monoxide (CO)

-carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Due to the toxicity of the gas emitted on thermal decomposition of the products, fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

For non first aid worker

Because of the organic solvents contained in the mixture, eliminate sources of ignition and ventilate the area.

Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

If a large quantity has been spilt, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

If the product contaminates waterways, rivers or drains, alert the relevant authorities in accordance with statutory procedures

Use drums to dispose of collected waste in compliance with current regulations (see section 13).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

Individuals with a history of skin sensitisation should not, under any circumstance, handle this mixture.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Fire prevention :

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and form mixtures that are explosive with air.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

Prevent the accumulation of electrostatic charges with connections to earth.

The mixture can become electrostatically charged: always ground when decanting. Wear antistatic shoes and clothing and make floors of non-conductive

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected. Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Recommended equipment and procedures :

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Avoid inhaling vapors.

Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.

Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.

Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions.

In all cases, recover emissions at source.

Avoid skin and eye contact with this mixture.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

Never open the packages under pressure.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

Storage

Keep out of reach of children.

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.

Avoid accumulation of electrostatic charges.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

German regulations concerning the storage of hazardous substances in non-stationary containers (TRGS 510) :

Storage class (LGK) :

Storage class 3 : Flammable liquids.

Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits :

- European Union :

CAS	VME-mg/m3 :	VME-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	Notes :
141-78-6 ETHYL ACETATE	734	200	1468	400	-
67-64-1 ACETONE	1210	500	-	-	-
50-00-0 FORMALDEHYDE ...%	0.37	0.3	0.74	0.6	-

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE) :



Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

- Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard ISO 16321.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

- Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN ISO 374-1.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question : other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

- Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing :

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605/A1 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034/A1 to prevent skin contact. Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

- Respiratory protection

Avoid inhaling vapors.

If the ventilation is insufficient, wear appropriate breathing apparatus.

When workers are confronted with concentrations that are above occupational exposure limits, they must wear a suitable, approved, respiratory protection device.

SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state

Physical state :	Viscous liquid.

Colour

Colour:	Straw yellow.

Odour

Odour threshold :	Not stated.
Odour:	Solvent.

Freezing point

Freezing point / Freezing range :	Not stated.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

Boiling point/boiling range :	72°C

Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas) :	Not stated.

Lower and upper explosion limit

Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%) :	2.1
Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%) :	13

Flash point

Flash Point :	15.00 °C.

Auto-ignition temperature

Self-ignition temperature :	Not relevant.

Decomposition temperature

Decomposition point/decomposition range :	Not relevant.

pH

pH (aqueous solution) :	Not stated.
pH :	Not relevant.

Kinematic viscosity

Viscosity :	dyn. 1900 +/- 300 cPs (25°C)
Viscosity:	N/A

Solubility

Water solubility :	Insoluble.
Fat solubility :	Not stated.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water :	Not stated.

Vapour pressure

Vapour pressure (50°C) :	Below 110 kPa (1.10 bar).

Density and/or relative density

Density :	0.89

Relative vapour density

Vapour density :	Not stated.

Particle characteristics

The mixture does not contain nanoforms.

9.2. Other information

VOC (g/l) :	716.07
% VOC :	80.53
Solids content:	N/A

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No data available.

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No data available.

SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

Avoid :

- accumulation of electrostatic charges.
- heating
- heat
- flames and hot surfaces
- sparks

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from :

- strong reducing agents
- strong oxidising agents
- strong acids
- bases
- halogen compounds
- alkali metals
- peroxides
- phosphorus
- Ethanolamine

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

11.1.1. Substances

a) Acute toxicity :

FORMALDEHYDE ...% (CAS: 50-00-0)	
Oral route :	LD50 = 500 mg/kg body weight
Inhalation route (Vapours) :	LC50 = 0.588 mg/l
	Species : Rat
	Duration of exposure : 4 h
ROSIN, COLOPHONY (CAS: 8050-09-7)	
Oral route :	LD50 = 2800 mg/kg body weight
	Species : Rat
Dermal route :	2,000 < LD50 <= 5000 mg/kg
	Species : Rat
ACETONE (CAS: 67-64-1)	
Oral route :	LD50 = 5800 mg/kg body weight
	Species : Rat
	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
Dermal route :	LD50 > 15800 mg/kg body weight
	Species : Rat
Inhalation route (Vapours) :	LC50 = 76 mg/l
	Species : Rat
	Duration of exposure : 4 h
HYDROCARBONS, C7, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS	
Oral route :	LD50 > 5840 mg/kg body weight
	Species : Rat
Dermal route :	LD50 > 2920 mg/kg body weight
	Species : Rat

Inhalation route (Vapours) :	LC50 > 23.3 mg/l Species : Rat Duration of exposure : 4 h
ETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 141-78-6)	
Oral route :	LD50 = 4934 mg/kg body weight Species : Rat
Dermal route :	LD50 > 20000 mg/kg body weight Species : Rabbit

b) Skin corrosion/skin irritation :

No data available.

c) Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation :

No data available.

d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation :

No data available.

e) Germ cell mutagenicity :

No data available.

f) Carcinogenicity :

No data available.

g) Reproductive toxicant :

No data available.

h) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - single exposure :

No data available.

i) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - repeated exposure :

No data available.

j) Aspiration hazard :

No data available.

11.1.2. Mixture

11.1.2.1 Information on hazard classes

a) Acute toxicity :

Oral route :	No data available.
Dermal route :	No data available.
Inhalation route (Dusts/mist) :	No data available.

b) Skin corrosion/skin irritation :

May cause reversible damage to the skin; namely inflammation of the skin or the formation of erythema and eschar or oedema following exposure up to four hours.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

c) Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation :

May have reversible effects on the eyes, such as eye irritation which is totally reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation :

May cause an allergic reaction by skin contact.

e) Germ cell mutagenicity :

No data available.

f) Carcinogenicity :

No data available.

g) Reproductive toxicant :

No data available.

h) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - single exposure :

Narcotic effects may occur, such as drowsiness, narcosis, decreased alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination or dizziness.

Effects may also occur in the form of violent headaches or nausea, judgement disorder, giddiness, irritability, fatigue or memory disturbance.

i) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - repeated exposure :

No data available.

j) Aspiration hazard :

No data available.

11.1.2.2 Other information

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to vapours from solvents in the mixture in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system.

Symptoms produced will include headaches, numbness, dizziness, fatigue, muscular asthenia and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Monograph(s) from the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) :

CAS 50-00-0 : IARC Group 1 : The agent is carcinogenic to humans.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

The mixture does not contain any substance evaluated as an endocrine disruptor with effects on human health.

SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

12.1. Toxicity

12.1.1. Substances

ZINC OXIDE (CAS: 1314-13-2)	
Fish toxicity :	LC50 = 1.1 mg/l
	Species : Oncorhynchus mykiss
	Duration of exposure : 96 h
	NOEC = 0.53 mg/l
Crustacean toxicity :	EC50 = 1.7 mg/l
	Species : Daphnia magna
	Duration of exposure : 48 h
Algae toxicity :	ECr50 = 0.14 mg/l
	M-Factor = 1
	Species : Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata
	Duration of exposure : 72 h
	NOEC = 0.024 mg/l
	M-Factor = 1
ACETONE (CAS: 67-64-1)	
Fish toxicity :	LC50 = 5540 mg/l
	Species : Oncorhynchus mykiss
	Duration of exposure : 96 h
Crustacean toxicity :	NOEC = 2212 mg/l
	Species : Daphnia pulex
Algae toxicity :	NOEC = 430 mg/l
	Species : Others
ETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 141-78-6)	
Fish toxicity :	LC50 = 230 mg/l
	Species : Pimephales promelas
	Duration of exposure : 96 h

Crustacean toxicity :	EC50 = 165 mg/l
	Species : Daphnia magna
	Duration of exposure : 48 h
	NOEC = 2.4 mg/l
	Species : Daphnia pulex
Algae toxicity :	NOEC > 100 mg/l
	Species : Scenedesmus subspicatus

12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.2.1. Substances

FORMALDEHYDE ...% (CAS: 50-00-0)	
Biodegradability :	Rapidly degradable.
ZINC OXIDE (CAS: 1314-13-2)	
Biodegradability :	Non-rapidly degradable.
ROSIN, COLOPHONY (CAS: 8050-09-7)	
Biodegradability :	Rapidly degradable.
METHYLCYCLOHEXANE (CAS: 108-87-2)	
Biodegradability :	Rapidly degradable.
ISOPROPYL ACETATE (CAS: 109-60-4)	
Biodegradability :	Rapidly degradable.
ACETONE (CAS: 67-64-1)	
Biodegradability :	Rapidly degradable.
ETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 141-78-6)	
Biodegradability :	Rapidly degradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.3.1. Substances

ZINC OXIDE (CAS: 1314-13-2)	
Bioaccumulation :	FBC > 175
FORMALDEHYDE ...% (CAS: 50-00-0)	
Octanol/water partition coefficient :	Log Kow = 0.35
Bioaccumulation :	FBC < 1
METHYLCYCLOHEXANE (CAS: 108-87-2)	
Octanol/water partition coefficient :	Log Kow = 3.88
ISOPROPYL ACETATE (CAS: 109-60-4)	
Octanol/water partition coefficient :	Log Kow = 1.23
ACETONE (CAS: 67-64-1)	
Octanol/water partition coefficient :	Log Kow = -0.24
Bioaccumulation :	FBC = 3
ETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 141-78-6)	
Octanol/water partition coefficient :	Log Kow = 0.68
Bioaccumulation :	FBC = 30

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The mixture does not contain any substance evaluated as an endocrine disruptor with environmental effects.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV Annex I, KBws) :

WGK 3 : Extremely hazardous for water.

SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

Waste :

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

Soiled packaging :

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2025 - IMDG 2024 [42-24] - ICAO/IATA 2026 [67]).

14.1. UN number or ID number

1133

14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN1133=ADHESIVES containing flammable liquid

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification :



3

14.4. Packing group

II

14.5. Environmental hazards

- Environmentally hazardous material :



14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	3	F1	II	3	33	5 L	640C	E2	2	D/E
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ	Stowage Handling	Segregation	
	3	-	II	5 L	F-E. S-D	-	E2	Category B	-	
IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ	
	3	-	II	353	5 L	364	60 L	A3	E2	
	3	-	II	Y341	1 L	-	-	A3	E2	

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

Marine pollutant (IMDG 3.1.2.9):(hydrocarbons, c7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics)

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.

SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2023/707.
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2025/1222. (ATP 23)

Container information:

Containers to be fitted with a tactile warning of danger (see EC Regulation No. 1272/2008, Annex II, Part 3).

Particular provisions :

No data available.

Restrictions applied under Title VIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH):

The mixture does not contain any substance restricted under Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH): https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach.

Authorisations agreed under Title VII of Regulation (EC) No.1907/2006 (REACH):

The mixture does not contain any substance subject to authorisation according to Annex XIV of REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006: https://echa.europa.eu/fr/authorisation-list.

Ozone-depleting substances (Regulation (EC) No 2024/590).

The mixture does not contain any substance posing a risk to the ozone layer.

Persistent organic pollutants (POP) (Regulation (EU) 2019/1021):

The mixture does not contain a persistent organic pollutant.

PIC Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (Rotterdam Convention):

The mixture is not subject to the Prior Informed Consent (PIC) procedure.

Explosives precursors :

The mixture contains at least one substance subject to Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors: - Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

The acquisition, introduction, possession or use of this restricted explosive precursor by members of the general public is subject to the reporting obligations.

German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV Annex I, KBws) :

WGK 3 : Extremely hazardous for water.

Swiss ordinance on the incentive tax on volatile organic compounds :

109-60-4	n-propyl acetate
141-78-6	ethyl acetate
67-64-1	acetone
50-00-0	formaldehyde (methanal)
108-87-2	methylcyclohexane

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION

Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3 :

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects .
H350	May cause cancer .
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Abbreviations and acronyms :

LD50 : The dose of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given time period.
LC50 : The concentration of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given period.
EC50 : The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the maximum response.
ECr50 : The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% reduction in growth rate.
LQ : Limited Quantity
EQ : Excepted Quantity
EmS : Emergency Schedule
E : Packing Instruction
NOEC : The concentration with no observed effect.
REACH : Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances.
ATE : Acute Toxicity Estimate
BW : Body Weight
CMR: Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic.
UFI : Unique formulation identifier.
STEL : Short-term exposure limit
TWA : Time-Weighted Average
VLE : Threshold Limit Value (exposure)
VME : Average Exposure Value.
ADR : Agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road.
GHS02 : Flame
GHS07 : Exclamation mark
GHS09 : Environment
IATA : International Air Transport Association.
IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation
PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic.
PIC: Prior Informed Consent.
POP: Persistent Organic Pollutant.
RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.
SVHC : Substances of very high concern.
WGK : Water Hazard Class.

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on our current knowledge at the time of publication and is provided in good faith. It does not constitute any guarantee of specific product properties nor establish any contractual relationship. The user remains solely responsible for safe and compliant use of the product in accordance with current regulations.
